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Installing Media Dependent Adapters (MDAs)

NORTEL

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EN60950: 1992 /A1:1993 /A2:1993 /A3:1995 /A4:
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EN60825-1:1994 /A11:1996



Warning: Fiber optic equipment can emit laser or infrared light that can injure your eyes. Never look into an optical fiber or connector port. Always assume that fiber optic cables are connected to a light source.



Warning: Vorsicht: Glasfaserkomponenten können Laserlicht bzw. Infrarotlicht abstrahlen, wodurch Ihre Augen geschädigt werden können. Schauen Sie niemals in einen Glasfaser-LWL oder ein Anschlußteil. Gehen Sie stets davon aus, daß das Glasfaserkabel an eine Lichtquelle angeschlossen ist.



Warning: Avertissement: L'équipement à fibre optique peut émettre des rayons laser ou infrarouges qui risquent d'entraîner des lésions oculaires. Ne jamais regarder dans le port d'un connecteur ou d'un câble à fibre optique. Toujours supposer que les câbles à fibre optique sont raccordés à une source lumineuse.



Warning: Advertencia: Los equipos de fibra óptica pueden emitir radiaciones de láser o infrarrojas que pueden dañar los ojos. No mire nunca en el interior de una fibra óptica ni de un puerto de conexión. Suponga siempre que los cables de fibra óptica están conectados a una fuente luminosa.



Warning: Avvertenza: Le apparecchiature a fibre ottiche emettono raggi laser o infrarossi che possono risultare dannosi per gli occhi. Non guardare mai direttamente le fibre ottiche o le porte di collegamento. Tenere in considerazione il fatto che i cavi a fibre ottiche sono collegati a una sorgente luminosa.



警告：光ファイバ装置は目に有害なレーザー光や赤外線を放射することがあります。光ファイバやコネクタ・ポートを覗き込まないでください。光ファイバ・ケーブルは光源に接続されているものと思ってください。

Introduction

This guide describes and provides installation instructions for Nortel Networks* media dependent adapters (MDAs). It contains the following topics:

- “Supported interfaces and products,” next
- “MDA descriptions” on page 4
- “Installing an MDA” on page 24
- “Replacing an installed MDA” on page 27
- “Installing a GBIC in an MDA” on page 28
- “Removing an Installed GBIC from an MDA” on page 29
- “1000BASE-LX Multimode Applications” on page 30



Caution: MDAs are not hot-swappable. To avoid damage to the switch or MDA, power down the switch or unplug the switch module from the switch backplane before installing or removing an MDA.

Supported interfaces and products

[Table 1](#) shows the interface types used with the MDAs described in this guide.

Table 1 MDAs and interface types

MDA	Interface Type	See page
<ul style="list-style-type: none">400-4TX MDA8100-4TX MDABPS2000-4TX MDA	10BASE-T/100BASE-TX (UTP)	5
<ul style="list-style-type: none">400-2FX MDA8100-2FX MDABPS2000-2FX MDA400-4FX MDA8100-4FX MDABPS2000-4FX MDA	100BASE-FX (Fiber)	9
<ul style="list-style-type: none">450-1SR MDA450-1SX MDA	1000BASE-SX (Shortwave gigabit fiber)	16
<ul style="list-style-type: none">450-1LR MDA450-1LX MDA	1000BASE-LX (Longwave gigabit fiber)	19
<ul style="list-style-type: none">450-1GBIC MDA	Gigabit Interface Converter (GBIC)	22

MDA descriptions

This section describes the following MDAs:

- [“10BASE-T/100BASE-TX MDAs” on page 5](#)
- [“100BASE-FX MDAs” on page 9](#)
- [“1000BASE-X MDAs” on page 16](#)

- [“GBIC MDA” on page 22](#)

10BASE-T/100BASE-TX MDAs

The 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX MDAs use four RJ-45 (8-pin modular) connectors, configured as media dependent interface-crossover (MDI-X) connectors. These ports connect over straight cables to the network interface controller (NIC) card in a node or server, similar to a conventional Ethernet repeater hub.

If you connect to another Ethernet hub or Ethernet switch, you need a crossover cable unless an MDI connection exists on the associated port of the attached device.

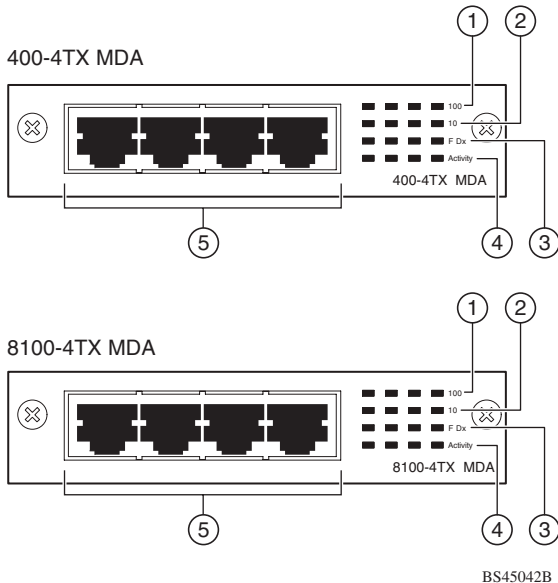
The following are the 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX MDAs.

- 400-4TX MDA, [page 6](#)
- 8100-4TX MDA, [page 6](#)
- BPS2000-4TX MDA, [page 8](#)

For a complete list of MDAs, see [Table 1 on page 4](#). For installation instructions, see [“Installing an MDA” on page 24](#).

[Figure 1 on page 6](#) shows the front panels of the 400-4TX MDA and the 8100-4TX MDA.

Figure 1 400-4TX and 8100-4TX MDA front panels



The 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX MDA ports can operate at either 10 Mb/s or 100 Mb/s. The port speed is determined through autonegotiation with its connecting device.

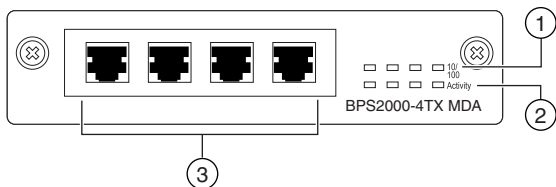
[Table 2](#) describes the 400-4TX and 8100-4TX MDA front-panel.

Table 2 400-4TX and 8100-4TX MDA front panel

Item	Label	Description
1	100	100BASE-TX port status LEDs (green): On: The corresponding port is set to operate at 100 Mb/s. Off: The link connection is bad or there is no connection to this port. Blinking: The corresponding port is management disabled.
2	10	10BASE-T port status LEDs (green): On: The corresponding port is set to operate at 10 Mb/s. Off: The link connection is bad or there is no connection to this port. Blinking: The corresponding port is management disabled.
3	F Dx	Full-duplex port status LEDs (green): On: The corresponding port is in full-duplex mode. Off: The corresponding port is in half-duplex mode.
4	Activity	Port activity LEDs (green): Blinking: Indicates the network activity level for the corresponding port. A high level of network activity can cause LEDs to appear to be on continuously.
5		10BASE-T/100BASE-TX RJ-45 (8-pin modular) port connectors.

Figure 2 shows the front panel of the BPS2000-4TX MDA.

Figure 2 BPS2000-4TX MDA front panel



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Table 3 describes the BPS2000-4TX MDA front-panel components.

Table 3 BPS2000-4TX MDA description

Item	Label	Description
1	10/100	10BASE-T/100BASE-TX port status LEDs: On (green): The corresponding port is set to operate at 100 Mb/s. On (yellow): The corresponding port is set to operate at 10 Mb/s. Off: The link connection is bad or there is no connection to this port.
2	Activity	Port activity LEDs (green): Blinking (green): Indicates the network activity level for the corresponding port. A high level of network activity can cause LEDs to appear to be on continuously.

Table 3 BPS2000-4TX MDA description (continued)

Item	Label	Description
		Off: No traffic to this port.
3		10BASE-T/100BASE-TX RJ-45 (8-pin modular) port connectors.

100BASE-FX MDAs

The 100BASE-FX MDAs conform to the IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-FX standard and can attach fiber-based 100 Mb/s connections to Fast Ethernet devices. The 100BASE-FX MDAs do not support single-mode fiber cable. The following are the 100BASE-FX MDAs.

- 400-2FX MDA (dual-port), [page 10](#)
- 400-4FX MDA (quad-port), [page 13](#)
- 8100-2FX MDA (dual-port), [page 10](#)
- 8100-4FX MDA (quad-port), [page 13](#)
- BPS2000-2FX MDA (dual-port), [page 12](#)
- BPS2000-4FX MDA (quad-port), [page 15](#)

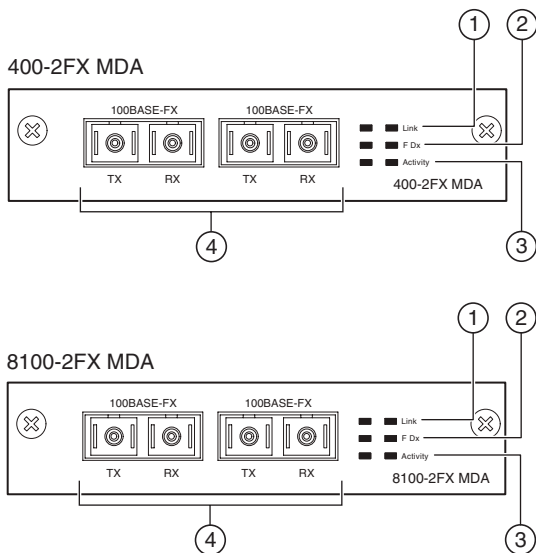
For a complete list of MDAs, see [Table 1 on page 4](#). For installation instructions, see [“Installing an MDA” on page 24](#).

Dual-port 100BASE-FX MDAs

The dual-port 100BASE-FX MDAs use two longwave 1300 nm SC connectors to attach devices over 62.5/125 micron multimode fiber optic cable.

Figure 3 shows the front panels of the 400-2FX MDA and the 8100-2FX MDA.

Figure 3 400-2FX and 8100-2FX MDA front panels



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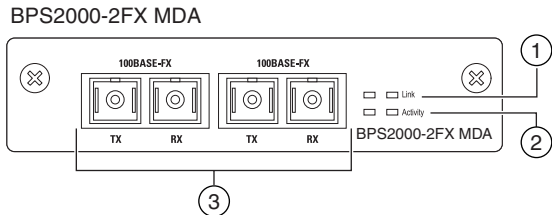
[Table 4](#) describes the dual-port 400-2FX MDA and the 8100-2FX MDA front-panel components.

Table 4 400-2FX MDA and 8100-2FX MDA description

Item	Label	Description
1	Link	Communications link LEDs (green): On: Valid communications link. Off: Invalid communications link or no connection to this port. Blinking: The corresponding port is management disabled.
2	F Dx	Full-duplex port status LEDs (green): On: The corresponding port is in full-duplex mode. Off: The corresponding port is in half-duplex mode.
3	Activity	Port activity LEDs (green): Blinking: Indicates the network activity level for the corresponding port. A high level of network activity can cause LEDs to appear to be on continuously.
4		100BASE-FX port connectors: Models 400-2FX and 8100-2FX use SC connectors.

[Figure 4 on page 12](#) shows the front panel of the dual-port BPS2000-2FX MDA.

Figure 4 BPS2000-2FX MDA front panel



BPS20001A

Table 5 describes the dual-port BPS2000-2FX MDA front-panel components.

Table 5 BPS2000-2FX MDA description

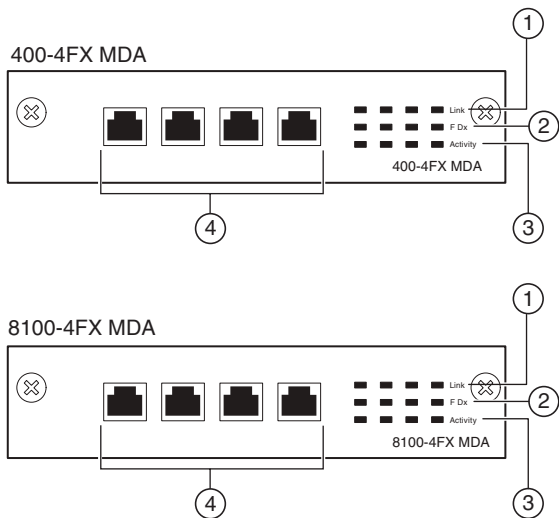
Item	Label	Description
1	Link	Link status LEDs (green): On (green): Valid 100 Mb/s communications link. Off: No link activity.
2	Activity	Port activity LEDs (green): On: Indicates the network activity level for the corresponding port. A high level of network activity can cause LEDs to appear to be on continuously. Off: No activity.
3		100BASE-FX port connectors: The BPS2000-2FX MDA uses SC connectors.

Quad-port 100BASE-FX MDAs

The quad-port 100BASE-FX MDAs use four longwave 1300 nm MT-RJ connectors to attach devices over 62.5/125 micron multimode fiber optic cable.

Figure 5 shows the front panels of the 400-4FX MDA and the 8100-4FX MDA.

Figure 5 400-4FX and 8100-4FX MDA front panels



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Table 6 describes the 400-4FX MDA and the 8100-4FX MDA front-panel components.

Table 6 400-4FX MDA / 8100-4FX MDA description

Item	Label	Description
1	Link	Communications link LEDs (green): On: Valid communications link. Off: Invalid communications link or no connection to this port. Blinking: The corresponding port is management disabled.
2	F Dx	Full-duplex port status LEDs (green): On: The corresponding port is in full-duplex mode. Off: The corresponding port is in half-duplex mode.
3	Activity	Port activity LEDs (green): Blinking: Indicates the network activity level for the corresponding port. A high level of network activity can cause LEDs to appear to be on continuously.
4		100BASE-FX port connectors: Models 400-4FX and 8100-4FX use MT-RJ connectors.

Figure 6 on page 15 shows the front panel of the BPS2000-4FX MDA.

Figure 6 BPS2000-4FX MDA front panel

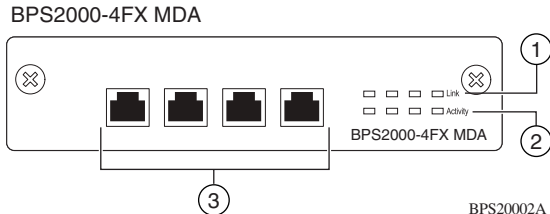


Table 7 describes the BPS2000-4FX MDA front-panel components.

Table 7 BPS2000-4FX MDA description

Item	Label	Description
1	Link	Link status LEDs (green): On (green): Valid 100 Mb/s communications link. Off: No link activity.
2	Activity	Port activity LEDs (green): On: Indicates the network activity level for the corresponding port. A high level of network activity can cause LEDs to appear to be on continuously. Off: No activity.
3		100BASE-FX port connectors: The BPS2000-4FX MDA uses MT-RJ connectors.

1000BASE-X MDAs

The following are the 1000BASE-FX MDAs.

Table 8 1000BASE-FX MDAs

Shortwave gigabit	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 450-1SR MDA, page 17• 450-1SX MDA, page 17
Longwave gigabit	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 450-1LR MDA, page 20• 450-1LX MDA, page 20

For a complete list of MDAs, see [Table 1 on page 4](#). For installation instructions, see [“Installing an MDA” on page 24](#).

Shortwave Gigabit MDAs

The following 1000BASE-SX MDAs conform to the IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-SX standard and use shortwave 850 nm fiber optic connectors to connect devices over multimode (550 m/1805 ft.) fiber optic cable.

- 450-1SR MDA—single MAC MDA with a separate redundant Phy (backup Phy port). Only one Phy port can be active at any time. If the active Phy port fails, the redundant Phy port automatically becomes the active port.
- 450-1SX MDA—single PHY MDA.

[Figure 7 on page 17](#) shows the 450-1SR MDA and the 450-1SX MDA front panels.

Figure 7 450-1SR and 450-1SX MDA front panels

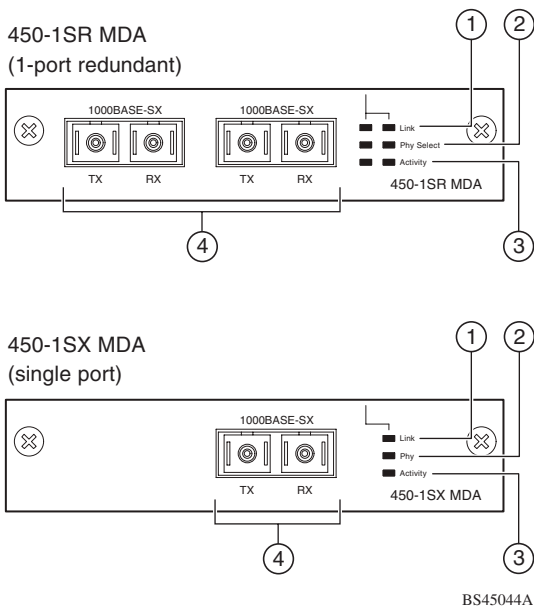


Table 9 describes the 450-1SR MDA and the 450-1SX MDA front panel components.

Table 9 450-1SR / 450-1SX MDA description

Item	Label	Description
1	Link	Communication link LEDs (green): On: Valid communications link. Off: The communications link connection is bad or there is no connection to this port. Blinking: The corresponding port is management disabled.
2	Phy (or) Phy Select	Phy status LEDs (green): On: The corresponding Phy port is active. Off: The corresponding Phy port is in backup mode or there is no connection to this port.
3	Activity	Port activity LEDs (green): Blinking: Indicates network activity level for the corresponding port. A high level of network activity can cause LEDs to appear to be on continuously.
4		1000BASE-X SC port connectors.

Longwave Gigabit MDAs

The following 1000BASE-LX MDAs conform to the IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-LX standard and use longwave 1300 nm fiber optic connectors to connect devices over single mode (5 km/3.1 mi) or multimode (550 m/1805 ft) fiber optic cable.

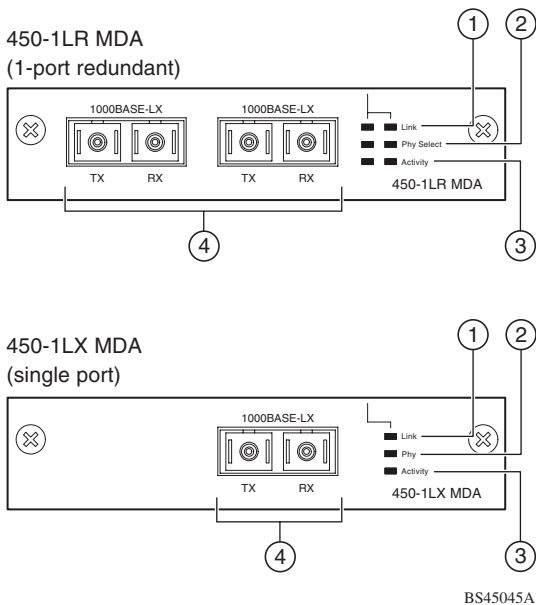
- 450-1LR MDA—single MAC MDA with a separate redundant Phy (backup Phy port). Only one Phy port can be active at any time. If the active Phy port fails, the redundant Phy port automatically becomes the active port.
- 450-1LX MDA—single Phy MDA.



Note: The optical performance of this transceiver cannot be guaranteed when connected to a multimode fiber plant without the use of the special offset SMF/MMF mode conditioning patch cord. For more information, see [“1000BASE-LX Multimode Applications” on page 30](#).

[Figure 8 on page 20](#) shows the 450-1LR MDA and the 450-1LX MDA front panels.

Figure 8 450-1LR and 450-1LX MDA front panels



[Table 10](#) describes the 450-1LR MDA and the 450-1LX MDA front-panel components.

Table 10 450-1LR and 450-1LX MDA description

Item	Label	Description
1	Link	Communication link LEDs (green): On: Valid communications link. Off: The communications link connection is bad or there is no connection to this port. Blinking: The corresponding port is management disabled.
2	PHY (or) Phy Select	Phy status LEDs (green): On: The corresponding Phy port is active. Off: The corresponding Phy port is in backup mode or there is no connection to this port.
3	Activity	Port activity LEDs (green): Blinking: Indicates network activity level for the corresponding port. A high level of network activity can cause LEDs to appear to be on continuously.
4		1000BASE-X SC port connectors (see “1000BASE-LX Multimode Applications” on page 30 for special requirements).

GBIC MDA

The 450-1GBIC MDA ([Figure 9 on page 23](#)) has a single Host port for Gigabit Interface Converters (GBICs). GBICs are hot-swappable input/output enhancement components that link Gigabit Ethernet ports with fiber optic networks.

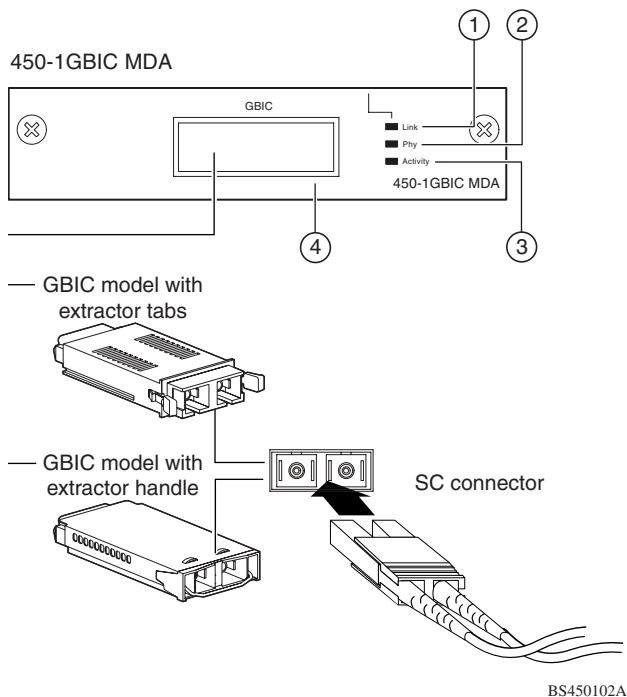
For more information about GBICs, see *Installing SFP and XFP Transceivers and GBICs*.

For instructions on installing the 450-1GBIC MDA in a network device, see [“Installing an MDA” on page 24](#).

For instructions on installing a GBIC in a 450-1GBIC MDA, see [“Installing a GBIC in an MDA” on page 28](#).

[Figure 9 on page 23](#) shows the 450-1GBIC MDA front panel and GBICs.

Figure 9 450-1GBIC MDA Front Panel



[Table 11](#) describes the 450-1GBIC MDA front-panel components.

Table 11 450-1GBIC MDA description

Item	Label	Description
1	Link	Communication link LEDs (green): On: Valid communications link. Off: The communications link connection is bad or there is no connection to this port. Blinking: The corresponding port is management disabled.
2	Phy	Phy status LEDs (green): On: The corresponding Phy port is active. Off: The corresponding Phy port is in backup mode or there is no connection to this port.
3	Activity	Port activity LEDs (green): Blinking: Indicates network activity level for the corresponding port. A high level of network activity can cause LEDs to appear to be on continuously.
4		GBIC Host port (see “MDA descriptions” on page 4).

Installing an MDA

Before you begin installing an MDA, see [“MDA descriptions” on page 4](#) for specific information about your MDA.

The Uplink/Expansion Module slot on supported switches accommodates a single MDA using the following connectors.

Table 12 MDA cable connectors

MDA	RJ45 UTP	SC fiber	MT-RJ fiber
10/100BASE-TX, page 5	X		
100BASE-FX, page 9 1000BASE-SX, page 16 1000BASE-LX, page 16		X	X
GBIC MDA, page 22		X	



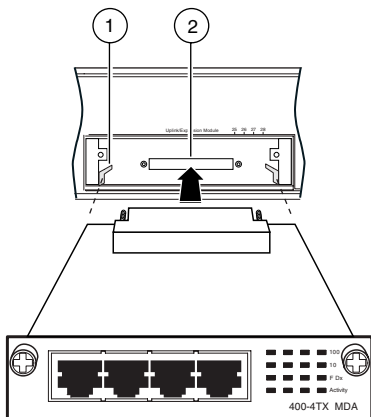
Caution: MDAs are not hot-swappable. To avoid damage to the switch or MDA, power down the switch or disconnect the switch module from the switch backplane before installing or removing an MDA.

To install an MDA:

- 1 Unplug the AC power cord from the back of the switch, or unplug the switch module from the switch backplane.
- 2 Loosen the thumb screws and remove the filler panel (or previously installed MDA) from the Uplink/Expansion Module slot.
- 3 Insert the MDA into the Uplink/Expansion Module card guides ([Figure 10 on page 26](#)).

Make sure the MDA slides in on the card guides. Failure to align the MDA to the card guides could damage the pins.

Figure 10 Installing an MDA



- 1 = Card guides
2 = Uplink module slot

BS45059C

- 4 Press the MDA firmly into the Uplink/Expansion Module slot.
Be sure that the MDA is fully seated into the mating connector.
- 5 Secure the MDA by tightening the thumb screws on the MDA front panel.
- 6 Plug the AC power cord into the back of the switch, or plug the switch module into the switch backplane.
- 7 Attach devices to the MDA ports.

For instructions on attaching devices to the MDA ports, refer to the publication for your switch. After connecting the port cables, follow the instructions to connect power and verify the installation.



Note: The IEEE 802.3u specification requires that all ports operating at 100 Mb/s use only Category 5 unshielded twisted pair (UTP) cabling.

Replacing an installed MDA

To replace an installed MDA:

- 1 Unplug the AC power cord from the back of the switch, or unplug the switch module from the switch backplane.

- 2 Remove the installed MDA.

Loosen the two thumbscrews on the MDA front panel to remove the MDA.

- 3 Install the replacement MDA.

Be sure to firmly tighten the two thumbscrews on the MDA front panel.

- 4 Plug the AC power cord into the back of the switch, or plug the switch module into the switch backplane.

- 5 Attach devices to the MDA ports.

For instructions on attaching devices to the MDA ports, refer to the publication for your switch.

Installing a GBIC in an MDA

Before installing a GBIC, see [“GBIC MDA” on page 22](#) for specific information about your MDA.

The 450-1GBIC MDA Host port is covered with a spring-loaded filler panel that rotates out of the way as you push the GBIC into place. You can install or replace a GBIC in an operating 450-1GBIC MDA without turning off power to the switch.



Caution: Although GBICs are hot-swappable, MDAs are not. To avoid damage to the switch or MDA, power down the switch or unplug the switch module before installing or removing an MDA.

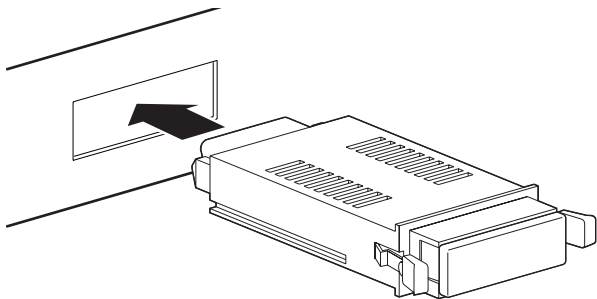
For more information about GBICs, see *Installing SFP and XFP Transceivers and GBICs*.

To install a GBIC in an MDA:

- 1 Remove the GBIC from its protective packaging.
- 2 Insert the GBIC into the MDA Host port ([Figure 11 on page 29](#)).

GBICs are keyed to prevent improper insertion. If the GBIC resists pressure, do not force it. Remove it, turn it over, and reinsert it.

Figure 11 Installing a GBIC



- 3** Press on the front of the GBIC until it snaps into place.
- 4** Remove the rubber plug to connect cables.

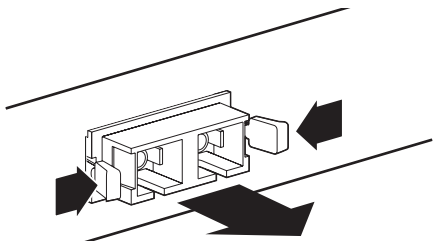
Removing an Installed GBIC from an MDA

For a description of the GBIC MDA, see [“GBIC MDA” on page 22](#).

To remove an installed GBIC:

- ➔ Do one of the following:
- If the GBIC has spring tabs ([Figure 9 on page 23](#)), press in on the tabs on each side of the GBIC as you pull the GBIC out of the MDA's Host port ([Figure 12 on page 30](#)).

Figure 12 Removing a GBIC with spring tabs



- If the GBIC has an extractor handle (Figure 9 on page 23), grasp the handle and pull firmly to remove the GBIC from the MDA's Host port.

1000BASE-LX Multimode Applications

For 1000BASE-LX multimode applications, the longwave gigabit transceivers must be mode conditioned externally through a special offset SMF/MMF patch cord. With the offset SMF/MMF patch cord, you can use the same transceiver for both multimode and single-mode fiber. For more information about the SMF/MMF patch cord, see your Nortel Networks sales representative.

The 1000BASE-LX transceiver is designed to mechanically accommodate the single-mode ferrules used on one end of the special offset SMF/MMF patch cord. Multimode ferrules must not be used because they can bind and cause damage to the

transceiver. Do not connect multimode cables directly into the 1000BASE-LX MDA transceiver. Instead, connect a special offset SMF/MMF patch cord into the transceiver, and then connect the multimode cable into the SMF/MMF patch cord.

